

[CHAPTER 534.]

AN ACT

August 14, 1935.

[S. 3289.]

[Public, No. 274.]

To authorize the attendance of the Marine Band at the United Confederate Veterans' 1935 reunion at Amarillo, Texas.

United Confederate
Veterans' Reunion,
Amarillo, Tex.
Attendance of Ma-
rine Band authorized.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President is authorized to permit the band of the United States Marine Corps to attend and give concerts at the United Confederate Veterans' reunion to be held at Amarillo, Texas, on September 3, 4, 5, and 6, 1935.

Appropriation au-
thorized.
Post, p. 1122.

SEC. 2. For the purpose of defraying the expenses of such band in attending and giving concerts at such reunion there is authorized to be appropriated the sum of \$10,000, or so much thereof as may be necessary, to carry out the provisions of this Act: *Provided*, That in addition to transportation and Pullman accommodations the leaders and members of the Marine Band be allowed not to exceed \$5 per day each for actual living expenses while on this duty, and that the payment of such expenses shall be in addition to the pay and allowances to which they would be entitled while serving at their permanent station.

Proviso.
Allowances.

Approved, August 14, 1935.

[CHAPTER 535.]

AN ACT

August 14, 1935.

[H. R. 6990.]

[Public, No. 275.]

To fix the hours of duty of postal employees, and for other purposes.

Postal employees.
Compensatory time
for service performed
on Saturdays.
Post, p. 1266.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That when the needs of the service require supervisory employees, special clerks, clerks, and laborers in first- and second-class post offices, and employees of the motor-vehicle service, and carriers in the City Delivery Service and in the village delivery service, and employees of the Railway Mail Service, clerks at Division Headquarters of Postoffice Inspectors, employees of the Stamped Envelope Agency and employees of the mail equipment shops; cleaners, janitors, telephone operators, and elevator conductors, paid from appropriations of the First Assistant Postmaster General; and all employees of the Custodial Service except charwomen and charmen and those working part time, to perform service on Saturday they shall be allowed compensatory time for such service on one day within five working days next succeeding the Saturday on which the excess service was performed: *Provided*, That employees who are granted compensatory time on Saturday for work performed the preceding Sunday or the preceding holiday shall be given the benefits of this Act on one day within five working days following the Saturday when such compensatory time was granted: *Provided further*, That the Postmaster General may, if the exigencies of the service require it, authorize the payment of overtime for service on the last three Saturdays in the calendar year in lieu of compensatory time, except cleaners, janitors, telephone operators, and elevator conductors paid from the appropriation of the First Assistant Postmaster General, and custodial employees who shall be given compensatory time in lieu of overtime pay within thirty days next succeeding: *And provided further*, That for the purpose of extending the benefits of this Act to railway postal clerks the service of said railway postal clerks assigned to road duty shall be based on an average not exceeding 6 hours and 40 minutes per day for three hundred and six days per annum, including a proper allowance for all service required

Provisos.
Sunday and holiday
employment.

Overtime in lieu of
compensatory time; ex-
ception.

Railway clerks as-
signed to road duty.

on lay-off periods as provided in Post Office Department circular letter numbered 1348, dated May 12, 1921; and railway postal clerks required to perform service in excess of six hours and forty minutes daily, as herein provided, shall be paid in cash at the annual rate of pay or granted compensatory time, at their option, for such overtime.

SEC. 2. The ratio of substitute post-office clerks, substitute city letter carriers, substitute laborers, substitutes in the motor vehicle service, and substitutes in the Railway Mail Service shall be not more than one substitute for eight regular employees: *Provided*, That at post offices with receipts of more than \$500,000 per annum, and less than \$10,000,000 per annum, the ratio of substitutes shall not be more than one substitute for ten regular employees: *Provided further*, That at post offices with receipts of less than \$500,000 the ratio shall be not more than one substitute for twelve regular employees, and at offices having less than twelve employees one substitute shall be provided: *Provided further*, That where the ratio of substitutes on the date of the enactment of this Act is in excess of the ratio provided for herein no additional substitutes shall be appointed until these ratios are established: *And provided further*, That the provisions of this Act shall not operate to furlough or dismiss any regular substitute.

SEC. 3. This Act shall take effect October 1, 1935.

Approved, August 14, 1935.

Cash payment or compensatory time optional.

Ratio of substitutes limited.

Provisos. Proportion in larger offices.

Offices with receipts less than \$500,000.

Establishment of ratios.

No regular substitute to be furloughed, etc.

Effective date.

[CHAPTER 546.]

AN ACT

For the suppression of prostitution in the District of Columbia.

August 15, 1935.

[S. 405.]

[Public, No. 276.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That it shall not be lawful for any person to invite, entice, persuade, or to address for the purpose of inviting, enticing, or persuading any person or persons, in or upon any avenue, street, road, highway, open space, alley, public square, or inclosure in the District of Columbia, to accompany, go with, or follow him or her to his or her residence, or to any other house or building, inclosure, or other place, for the purpose of prostitution, or any other immoral or lewd purpose, under a penalty of not more than \$100 or imprisonment for not more than ninety days, or both. And it shall not be lawful for any person to invite, entice, or persuade, or address for the purpose of inviting, enticing, or persuading any person or persons from any door, window, porch, or portico of any house or building to enter any house, or go with, accompany, or follow him or her to any place whatever, for the purpose of prostitution, or any other immoral or lewd purpose, under the like penalties herein provided for the same conduct in the streets, avenues, roads, highways, or alleys, public squares, open spaces, or inclosures.

SEC. 2. Any person who frequents or lives in houses or other establishments of ill fame, or who (whether married or single) engages in or commits acts of fornication for hire, shall be considered a vagrant, and subject to the penalties provided in section 8 of an Act entitled "An Act for the preservation of the public peace and the protection of property within the District of Columbia, approved July 29, 1892", and as amended by Act of Congress approved March 3, 1909.

SEC. 3. The court may impose conditions upon any person found guilty under the aforesaid sections and so long as such person shall comply therewith to the satisfaction of the court the imposition or

District of Columbia. Prostitution; penalty for inviting, etc., for purposes of. Vol. 27, p. 323; Vol. 36, p. 833, amended.

Residents, etc., of houses of ill fame considered vagrants. Vol. 27, p. 323; Vol. 30, p. 723; Vol. 35, p. 711.

Discretionary power of court to impose certain conditions, etc.